

**EXAMPLES OF COMMUTING PAIRS OF OPERATORS (L_3, P_r)
WITH ELLIPTIC COEFFICIENTS**

K. UNTERKOFLER

We freely use the notation introduced in [1] and [2]. Furthermore we denote homogeneous quantities (obtained by setting integration constants zero) without hats and corresponding inhomogeneous quantities with hats “ $\hat{\cdot}$ ”.

Consider the differential expressions

$$(1.1) \quad (L_3 f)(x) = f^{(3)}(x) + q_1(x) f'(x) + \left(\frac{1}{2} q_1'(x) + q_0(x)\right) f(x)$$

and

$$(1.2) \quad (P_1 f)(x) = f'(x),$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1.3) \quad (P_2 f)(x) &= f''(x) + \frac{2}{3} q_1(x) f(x), \\ (P_4 f)(x) &= f^{(4)}(x) + \frac{4}{3} q_1(x) f''(x) + \frac{4}{3} (q_0(x) + q_1'(x)) f'(x) \\ (1.4) \quad &+ \frac{1}{9} (2 q_1^2(x) + 5 q_1''(x) + 6 q_0'(x)) f(x), \\ (P_5 f)(x) &= f^{(5)}(x) + \frac{5}{3} q_1(x) f^{(3)}(x) + \left(\frac{5}{3} q_0(x) + \frac{5}{2} q_1'(x)\right) f''(x) \\ &+ \frac{1}{18} \left(10 q_1(x)^2 + 30 q_0'(x) + 35 q_1''(x)\right) f'(x) \\ (1.5) \quad &+ \frac{1}{9} \left(10 q_0(x) q_1(x) + 5 q_1(x) q_1'(x) + 10 q_0''(x) + 5 q_1^{(3)}(x)\right) f(x), \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
P_7 = & f^{(7)}(x) + \frac{7}{3} q_1(x) f^{(5)}(x) + \left(\frac{7}{3} q_0(x) + \frac{35}{6} q'_1(x) \right) f^{(4)}(x) \\
& \left(\frac{14}{9} q_1(x)^2 + \frac{14}{3} q'_0(x) + \frac{77}{9} q''_1(x) \right) f^{(3)}(x) \\
& + \left(\frac{28}{9} q_0(x) q_1(x) + \frac{14}{3} q_1(x) q'_1(x) + \frac{56}{9} q''_0(x) + 7 q_1^{(3)}(x) \right) f''(x) \\
& + \left(\frac{14}{9} q_0(x)^2 + \frac{14}{81} q_1(x)^3 + \frac{28}{9} q_1(x) q'_0(x) + \frac{28}{9} q_0(x) q'_1(x) \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{35}{18} q'_1(x)^2 + \frac{28}{9} q_1(x) q''_1(x) + \frac{35}{9} q_0^{(3)}(x) + \frac{161}{54} q_1^{(4)}(x) \right) f'(x) \\
& + \left(\frac{14}{27} q_0(x) q_1(x)^2 + \frac{14}{9} q_0(x) q'_0(x) + \frac{7}{27} q_1(x)^2 q'_1(x) \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{49}{27} q'_0(x) q'_1(x) + \frac{14}{9} q_1(x) q''_0(x) + \frac{35}{27} q_0(x) q''_1(x) + \frac{7}{6} q'_1(x) q''_1(x) \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{7}{9} q_1(x) q_1^{(3)}(x) + \frac{28}{27} q_0^{(4)}(x) + \frac{14}{27} q_1^{(5)}(x) \right) f(x).
\end{aligned} \tag{1.6}$$

The commutator $[L_3, P_5]$ is a first order differential expression which yields the homogeneous (i.e., setting the constants $c_j = d_j = 0, j = 0, 1, 2$ in (1.8)) stationary s-Bsq₅ equation

$$\widehat{\text{s-Bsq}_5}(q_0, q_1) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{9} q_{0,xxxxx} + \frac{5}{18} q_0 q_{1,xxx} + \frac{5}{9} q_1 q_{0,xxx} + \frac{5}{9} q_{1,xx} q_{0,x} \\ \quad + \frac{5}{6} q_{1,x} q_{0,xx} + \frac{5}{9} q_1^2 q_{0,x} + \frac{10}{9} q_0 q_1 q_{1,x} + d_0 \left(\frac{1}{18} q_{1,xxxxx} \right. \\ \quad \left. + \frac{1}{3} q_1 q_{1,xxx} + \frac{2}{3} q_{1,x} q_{1,xx} + \frac{4}{9} q_1^2 q_{1,x} - \frac{4}{3} q_0 q_{0,x} \right) \\ \quad + c_1 \left(\frac{1}{6} q_{1,xxx} + \frac{2}{3} q_1 q_{1,x} \right) - d_1 q_{0,x} = 0, \\ \frac{1}{9} q_{1,xxxxx} + \frac{5}{9} q_1 q_{1,xxx} + \frac{25}{18} q_{1,x} q_{1,xx} + \frac{5}{9} q_1^2 q_{1,x} \\ \quad - \frac{10}{3} q_0 q_{0,x} - d_0 \left(\frac{2}{3} q_{0,xxx} + \frac{4}{3} q_1 q_{0,x} + \frac{4}{3} q_{1,x} q_0 \right) \\ \quad - c_1 2 q_{0,x} - d_1 q_{1,x} = 0. \end{array} \right. \tag{1.7}$$

The homogeneous s-Bsq₇ equation reads

$$(1.8) \quad \text{s-Bsq}_7(q_0, q_1) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{28}{9} q_0(x) q_1(x) q_0'(x) - \frac{14}{9} q_0(x)^2 q_1'(x) + \frac{28}{81} q_1(x)^3 q_1'(x) \\ + \frac{35}{54} q_1'(x)^3 - \frac{28}{9} q_0'(x) q_0''(x) + \frac{7}{3} q_1(x) q_1'(x) q_1''(x) \\ - \frac{14}{9} q_0(x) q_0^{(3)}(x) + \frac{14}{27} q_1(x)^2 q_1^{(3)}(x) + \frac{14}{9} q_1''(x) q_1^{(3)}(x) \\ + \frac{49}{54} q_1'(x) q_1^{(4)}(x) + \frac{7}{27} q_1(x) q_1^{(5)}(x) + \frac{1}{27} q_1^{(7)}(x) = 0, \\ -\frac{14}{9} q_0(x)^2 q_0'(x) + \frac{28}{81} q_1(x)^3 q_0'(x) + \frac{28}{27} q_0(x) q_1(x)^2 q_1'(x) \\ + \frac{7}{6} q_0'(x) q_1'(x)^2 + \frac{49}{27} q_1(x) q_1'(x) q_0''(x) + \frac{14}{9} q_1(x) q_0'(x) q_1''(x) \\ + \frac{14}{9} q_0(x) q_1'(x) q_1''(x) + \frac{14}{27} q_1(x)^2 q_0^{(3)}(x) + \frac{49}{54} q_1''(x) q_0^{(3)}(x) \\ + \frac{7}{9} q_0(x) q_1(x) q_1^{(3)}(x) + \frac{7}{9} q_0''(x) q_1^{(3)}(x) + \frac{35}{54} q_1'(x) q_0^{(4)}(x) \\ + \frac{7}{18} q_0'(x) q_1^{(4)}(x) + \frac{7}{27} q_1(x) q_0^{(5)}(x) + \frac{7}{54} q_0(x) q_1^{(5)}(x) \\ + \frac{1}{27} q_0^{(7)}(x) = 0. \end{array} \right.$$

Note that

$$(1.9) \quad [\hat{P}_r, L_3] = 3 \hat{f}_{n+1,x} \frac{d}{dx} + \frac{3}{2} \hat{f}_{n+1,xx} + 3 \hat{g}_{n+1,x}, \\ r = 3n + 1 \text{ or } r = 3n + 2, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}_0$$

and that the time-dependent Bsq hierarchy is defined as a collection of evolution equations (varying $r = 3n + 1$ or $r = 3n + 2$, $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$)

$$(1.10) \quad \frac{d}{dt_r} L_3(t_r) - [\hat{P}_r(t_r), L_3(t_r)] = 0, \quad r = 3n + 1 \text{ or } r = 3n + 2, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}_0,$$

or equivalently, by

$$\widehat{\text{Bsq}}_r(q_0, q_1) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} q_{0,t_r} - 3 \hat{g}_{n+1,x} = 0 \\ q_{1,t_r} - 3 \hat{f}_{n+1,x} = 0 \end{array} \right.,$$

$$(1.11) \quad (x, t_r) \in \mathbb{R}^2, \quad r = 3n + 1 \text{ or } r = 3n + 2, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}_0.$$

2. COMMUTING PAIRS OF OPERATORS (L_3, P_5) WITH ELLIPTIC COEFFICIENTS

We give now some examples of commuting pairs of operators (L_3, \hat{P}_5) with elliptic coefficients, which are not covered by [3].

In the following \hat{P}_5 denotes the inhomogeneous differential expression

$$(2.1) \quad \hat{P}_5 = P_5 + d_1 P_1.$$

Example 1

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -6\varphi, \quad q_0 = 3\varphi', \quad d_1 = -\frac{1}{3}g_2, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 6\varphi(x)f'(x), \\ (\hat{P}_5 f)(x) &= f^{(5)}(x) - 10\varphi(x)f'''(x) - 10\varphi'(x)f''(x) + (3g_2 - 20\varphi(x)^2)f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(2.2) \quad y^3 + (g_2 z^2 + 4g_2 g_3) y - z^5 - 8g_3 z^3 - 16g_3^2 z = 0.$$

Example 2

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -6\varphi, \quad q_0 = -3\varphi', \quad d_1 = -\frac{1}{3}g_2, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 6\varphi(x)f'(x) - 6\varphi'(x)f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_5 f)(x) &= f^{(5)}(x) - 10\varphi(x)f'''(x) - 20\varphi'(x)f''(x) + (8g_2 - 80\varphi(x)^2)f'(x) \\ &\quad - 40\varphi(x)\varphi'(x)f(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(2.3) \quad y^3 + (g_2 z^2 + 4g_2 g_3) y - z^5 - 8g_3 z^3 - 16g_3^2 z = 0.$$

Example 3

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -12\varphi, \quad q_0 = 6\varphi', \quad d_1 = \frac{4}{3}g_2, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 12\varphi(x)f'(x), \\ (\hat{P}_5 f)(x) &= f^{(5)}(x) - 20\varphi(x)f'''(x) - 20\varphi'(x)f''(x) + 8g_2 f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(2.4) \quad y^3 - 4g_2 z^2 y - z^5 - 16g_3 z^3 = 0.$$

Example 4

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -12\varphi, \quad q_0 = -6\varphi', \quad d_1 = \frac{4}{3}g_2, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 12\varphi(x)f'(x) - 12\varphi'(x)f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_5 f)(x) &= f^{(5)}(x) - 20\varphi(x)f'''(x) - 40\varphi'(x)f''(x) + (18g_2 - 120\varphi(x)^2)f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(2.5) \quad y^3 - 4g_2 z^2 y - z^5 - 16g_3 z^3 = 0.$$

3. COMMUTING PAIRS OF OPERATORS (L_3, P_7) WITH ELLIPTIC COEFFICIENTS

We give now some examples of commuting pairs of operators (L_3, \hat{P}_7) with elliptic coefficients, which are mentioned in Remark 10 of [3].

\hat{P}_7 denotes the inhomogeneous differential expression

$$(3.1) \quad \hat{P}_7 = P_7 + d_1 P_1.$$

Example 5

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -6\varphi, \quad q_0 = 3\varphi', \quad d_1 = \frac{4}{3}g_3, \\ (L_3f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 6\varphi(x)f'(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 14\varphi(x)f^{(5)}(x) - 28\varphi'(x)f^{(4)}(x) + \left(\frac{56}{3}g_2 - 168\varphi(x)^2\right)f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad - 168\varphi(x)\varphi'(x)f''(x) + \left(48g_3 + 56g_2\varphi(x) - 336\varphi(x)^3\right)f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.2) \quad y^3 - \frac{1}{3}g_2^2 z^2 y - z^7 - 4g_3 z^5 - \frac{2}{27}g_2^3 z^3 = 0.$$

Example 6

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -6\varphi, \quad q_0 = -3\varphi', \quad d_1 = \frac{4}{3}g_3, \\ (L_3f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 6\varphi(x)f'(x) - 6\varphi'(x)f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 14\varphi(x)f^{(5)}(x) - 42\varphi'(x)f^{(4)}(x) + \left(\frac{98}{3}g_2 - 336\varphi(x)^2\right)f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad - 504\varphi(x)\varphi'(x)f''(x) + \left(216g_3 + 308g_2\varphi(x) - 2016\varphi(x)^3\right)f'(x) \\ &\quad + \left(56g_2\varphi'(x) - 1008\varphi(x)^2\varphi'(x)\right)f(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.3) \quad y^3 - \frac{1}{3}g_2^2 z^2 y - z^7 - 4g_3 z^5 - \frac{2}{27}g_2^3 z^3 = 0.$$

Example 7

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -12\varphi, \quad q_0 = 6\varphi', \quad d_1 = \frac{32}{3}g_3, \\ (L_3f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 12\varphi(x)f'(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 28\varphi(x)f^{(5)}(x) - 56\varphi'(x)f^{(4)}(x) + \left(\frac{112}{3}g_2 - 224\varphi(x)^2\right)f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad - 112\varphi(x)\varphi'(x)f''(x) + 48g_3f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.4) \quad y^3 - \frac{16}{3}g_2^2 z^2 y - z^7 - 32g_3 z^5 + \frac{128}{27}(g_2^3 - 54g_3^2)z^3 = 0.$$

Example 8

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -12\varphi, \quad q_0 = -6\varphi', \quad d_1 = \frac{32}{3}g_3, \\ (L_3f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 12\varphi(x)f'(x) - 12\varphi'(x)f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 28\varphi(x)f^{(5)}(x) - 84\varphi'(x)f^{(4)}(x) + \left(\frac{196}{3}g_2 - 560\varphi(x)^2\right)f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad - 560\varphi(x)\varphi'(x)f''(x) + \left(160g_3 + 168g_2\varphi(x) - 1120\varphi(x)^3\right)f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.5) \quad y^3 - \frac{16}{3} g_2^2 z^2 y - z^7 - 32 g_3 z^5 + \frac{128}{27} (g_2^3 - 54 g_3^2) z^3 = 0.$$

Example 9

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -18 \varphi, \quad q_0 = 15 \varphi', \quad d_1 = 76 g_3, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 18 \varphi(x) f'(x) + 6 \varphi'(x) f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7 f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 42 \varphi(x) f^{(5)}(x) - 70 \varphi'(x) f^{(4)}(x) + 42 g_2 f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad + 280 \varphi(x) \varphi'(x) f''(x) - \left(120 g_3 + 308 g_2 \varphi(x) - 1120 \varphi(x)^3\right) f'(x) \\ &\quad - \left(56 g_2 \varphi'(x) - 560 \varphi(x)^2 \varphi'(x)\right) f(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.6) \quad \begin{aligned} y^3 + (13 g_2^2 z^2 + 1600 g_2^2 g_3) y - z^7 - 228 g_3 z^5 + 2 (17 g_2^3 - 8448 g_3^2) z^3 \\ + (3200 g_2^3 g_3 - 409600 g_3^3) z = 0. \end{aligned}$$

Example 10

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -18 \varphi, \quad q_0 = -15 \varphi', \quad d_1 = 76 g_3, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 18 \varphi(x) f'(x) - 24 \varphi'(x) f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7 f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 42 \varphi(x) f^{(5)}(x) - 140 \varphi'(x) f^{(4)}(x) + \left(112 g_2 - 840 \varphi(x)^2\right) f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad - 280 \varphi(x) \varphi'(x) f''(x) - \left(400 g_3 + 728 g_2 \varphi(x) - 3920 \varphi(x)^3\right) f'(x) \\ &\quad - \left(336 g_2 \varphi'(x) - 4480 \varphi(x)^2 \varphi'(x)\right) f(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.7) \quad \begin{aligned} y^3 + (13 g_2^2 z^2 + 1600 g_2^2 g_3) y - z^7 - 228 g_3 z^5 + 2 (17 g_2^3 - 8448 g_3^2) z^3 \\ + (3200 g_2^3 g_3 - 409600 g_3^3) z = 0. \end{aligned}$$

In the following examples the invariant $g_2 = 0$.

Example 11

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -30 \varphi, \quad q_0 = 15 \varphi', \quad g_2 = 0, \quad d_1 = -\frac{220}{3} g_3, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 30 \varphi(x) f'(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7 f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 70 \varphi(x) f^{(5)}(x) - 140 \varphi'(x) f^{(4)}(x) + 280 \varphi(x)^2 f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad + 1400 \varphi(x) \varphi'(x) f''(x) - \left(400 g_3 - 2800 \varphi(x)^3\right) f'(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.8) \quad y^3 - z^7 + 220 g_3 z^5 - 25600 g_3^2 z^3 = 0.$$

Example 12

$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= -30\varphi, \quad q_0 = -15\varphi', \quad g_2 = 0, \quad d_1 = -\frac{220}{3}g_3, \\ (L_3 f)(x) &= f^{(3)}(x) - 30\varphi(x)f'(x) - 30\varphi'(x)f(x), \\ (\hat{P}_7 f)(x) &= f^{(7)}(x) - 70\varphi(x)f^{(5)}(x) - 210\varphi'(x)f^{(4)}(x) - 560\varphi(x)^2f^{(3)}(x) \\ &\quad + 1960\varphi(x)\varphi'(x)f''(x) - \left(1800g_3 - 16800\varphi(x)^3\right)f'(x) + 8400\varphi(x)^2\varphi'(x)f(x). \end{aligned}$$

Curve

$$(3.9) \quad y^3 - z^7 + 220g_3z^5 - 25600g_3^2z^3 = 0.$$

REFERENCES

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INSTITUTE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS, TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, A-8010 GRAZ, AUSTRIA

E-mail address: karl@itp.tu-graz.ac.at